

TROUBLESHOOTING YOUR CLIENT TRUST ACCOUNTING PROTECTION PROGRAM (CTAPP) COMPLIANCE REPORTING

• Instead of the Final Declaration, I am getting an "Outstanding Reporting Requirements" error message. How do I fix this?

Outstanding Reporting Requirements	
Step 2: Account Registration is incomplete based on your responses	s in Step 1.
Please register client trust accounts maintained during the reporting period account information using the options at the bottom of the page. If account ending balance may be missing. You must provide the account ending bala the date the account was closed.	nts have been registered, the required account
	Cancel Go to Step 2

For help resolving the error message above, please see FAQ 3.5.1.

• The CTAPP Annual Reporting status tile on my Compliance Dashboard says my reporting is incomplete. How do I fix this?



You must do your reporting and submit your declaration. For more information, including tables which show the type of account required and the application through which it must be registered for each response to the Step 1 questions, please see <u>FAQ</u> <u>3.2.2</u>.

Additionally, because you were not in compliance by the deadline, you may have been assessed a \$103 noncompliance fee. If so, there will be a "Pay fee" button on your CTAPP Annual Reporting compliance dashboard as well. The \$103 noncompliance fee

must be paid for your CTAPP reporting to be complete. See <u>paragraph (G) of rule 2.5 of</u> <u>the Rules of the State Bar</u>. You can pay the noncompliance fees the same way you would pay your annual fees. Here is a guide to <u>how to pay your annual fees</u>. Please allow 5 business days for any payments made to post to your account. Your CTAPP status will continue to say "past due" until both your CTAPP reporting is complete and the noncompliance fee payment posts to your account.

• The CTAPP Annual Reporting status tile on my Compliance Dashboard says my reporting is incomplete, but I checked the box saying my firm would register the accounts. How do I fix this?



Your CTAPP reporting is incomplete. You may have stated that your firm would register or update one or more accounts for you, but they did not register all accounts (e.g., they did not register any accounts, they registered an IOLTA, but you said they would register an IOLTA and a non-IOLTA, etc.). They either need to register all accounts or, if they have done so, your responses to the Step 1 questions may be inaccurate. For more information, including tables which show the type of account required and the application through which it must be registered for each response to the Step 1 questions, please see <u>FAQ 3.2.2</u>.

Additionally, because you were not in compliance by the deadline, you may have been assessed a \$103 noncompliance fee. If so, there will be a "Pay fee" button on your CTAPP Annual Reporting compliance dashboard as well. The \$103 noncompliance fee must be paid for your CTAPP reporting to be complete. See <u>paragraph (G) of rule 2.5 of the Rules of the State Bar</u>. You can pay the noncompliance fees the same way you would pay your annual fees. Here is a guide to how to pay your annual fees. Please allow 5 business days for any payments made to post to your account. Your CTAPP status will continue to say "past due" until both your CTAPP reporting is complete and the noncompliance fee payment posts to your account.

• The CTAPP Annual Reporting status tile on my Compliance Dashboard says I owe a noncompliance fee even after I paid the fee. What am I doing wrong?



The CTAPP Annual Reporting status tile on your Compliance Dashboard says, "Past Due" and has a "Pay fee" button when the noncompliance fee is outstanding. Please allow 5 business days for any payments made to post to your account. Your CTAPP status may continue to say "past due" until the noncompliance fee payment posts to your account, even if you have already made the payment.

• I submitted my CTAPP declaration and got an email confirmation it was submitted, but the CTAPP Annual Reporting status tile on my Compliance Dashboard says there is still "Action Required." What do I have to do to complete my reporting?

Your CTAPP annual reporting is incomplete indicated that your current firm or organiz- CTA account details on your behalf, but the is your responsibility to ensure your report finish your CTAPP reporting or contact you administrator to ensure the required CTA in April 01, 2025.	ation would register/update ey have not yet done so. It ting is complete. Please ur firm or organization's
View a Summary of your CTAPP Annual Rep	orting »
Complete CTAPP Reporting »	

If your CTAPP Annual Reporting tile on your Compliance Dashboard says, "Action Required," your CTAPP reporting is **incomplete or incorrect**. There is either information missing from your account registration **OR** there is a mismatch between the accounts reported in Step 1 and the accounts registered in Step 2.

Steps to resolve:

- Go to Step 2 and make sure each of your trust accounts are registered, including the account balance as of December 31.
- If one or more of your accounts are missing and should be registered through **My State Bar Profile**, please register the missing accounts.
- If one or more of your accounts are missing and should be registered through **Agency Billing**, please contact your firm administrator to confirm they will be registering the accounts, including the December 31 balance. If your firm administrator has not yet registered the account(s), but confirms they will register

the account(s) through Agency Billing – and only if they confirm they will register the account(s) through Agency Billing – you may check the box next to the statement, "My firm or organization administrator informed me that the IOLTA and/or Non-IOLTA trust account details will be registered by my firm or organization on my behalf via the State Bar's Agency Billing application. I understand that it is my responsibility to ensure that my CTAPP reporting is complete, including that my firm or organization registers any account details maintained on my behalf." Do not check this box if the account will not be registered through Agency Billing; your reporting will be incomplete, and you will be subject to a noncompliance fee.

- If all of your accounts are registered and have a balance, but you are still getting the above error, please review the "Account Type" and "Application Type" columns in Step 2 and then review your responses to the Step 1 questions. There may be a mismatch between your responses to the Step 1 questions and the accounts registered in Step 2. Licensees must have at least one account of the correct account type (IOLTA or Non-IOLTA) registered through the correct application (My State Bar Profile or Agency Billing) in Step 2 for every "Yes" response in Step 1 (except former firm).
- If one or more of your account types is "Ind. CTA or Non-CA IOLTA" account type, you will be required to update your account type to "IOLTA", "non-CA IOLTA", or "non-IOLTA." Please see <u>FAQ 3.3.5</u> for information on how to edit your account to update the account type.

For more information, including tables which show the type of account required and the application through which it must be registered for each response to the Step 1 questions, please see <u>FAQ 3.2.2</u>.

Additionally, if you owe a noncompliance fee, the \$103 noncompliance fee must be paid for your CTAPP reporting to be complete. See <u>paragraph (G) of rule 2.5 of the Rules of</u> <u>the State Bar</u>. You can pay the noncompliance fees the same way you would pay your annual fees. Here is a guide to <u>how to pay your annual fees</u>. Please allow 5 business days for any payments made to post to your account. Your CTAPP status will continue to say "past due" until both your CTAPP reporting is complete and the noncompliance fee payment posts to your account.

• The Step 2: Account Registration table shows an account that should not be there. How do I disassociate from an account that should not be on my list of accounts?

For the steps to disassociate an account, please see FAQ 3.3.4.

• I have an account that has an account type of "Ind. CTA or Non-CA IOLTA," and it is stopping me from completing my reporting. What do I do?

If your account was previously registered as a "Ind. CTA or Non-CA IOLTA" account type, you or your firm administrator will be required to update your account type to "IOLTA", "non-CA IOLTA", or "non-IOLTA". Please see <u>FAQ 3.3.5</u> for information on editing your

account.

• How does my Screening Question response affect Step 1 and how do my Step 1 responses affect what accounts must be registered in Step 2?

- If you answer "Yes" to the Screening Question, you must answer both Question 1 (about IOLTA accounts) and Question 2 (about non-IOLTA accounts).
- An IOLTA account is an Interest on Lawyers Trust Account where you hold client funds that are nominal in amount or held for a short period.
- A non-IOLTA account is any other client trust account you maintain that doesn't qualify as an IOLTA account (typically used for larger amounts or longer-term holdings) and the interest accrues to the benefit of the client.
- If you don't maintain either type of account and such account is not maintained on your behalf, you should answer "No" to the initial screening question.
- If you answer "Yes" to either question in Step 1, you'll need to provide the required account information for each account you maintain or your firm or organization will need to provide it on your behalf, unless you are no longer employed by or in practice with that firm or organization. For more information, including tables which show the type of account required and the application through which it must be registered for each response to the Step 1 questions, please see <u>FAQ 3.2.2</u>.
- The system is asking me to explain why I did not report something within 30 days. Will I get in trouble for not reporting it?

Please see <u>FAQ 3.3.6</u>.

• I am concerned because my answer to one or more of the self-assessment items is likely "No." Will I get in trouble for answering that way?

Responding "No" to self-assessment items is appropriate when it accurately reflects your current practices or those of your firm, especially given the variety of practice settings. A "No" response is not considered incorrect when it truthfully represents your situation (e.g., when practicing partly or entirely in another state with different rules or when you no longer maintain funds under rule 1.15).

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

These FAQs are a living document. They are subject to revision and will be supplemented and updated as needed.

- 1. <u>CTAPP Overview</u>
- 2. <u>General Requirements for Lawyers</u>
- 3. <u>Specific Questions about the CTAPP Reporting and Registration Steps</u>
 - 3.1 <u>Screening Question</u>
 - 3.2 <u>Step 1: Annual Client Trust Account Reporting</u>
 - 3.3 Step 2: Account Registration
 - 3.4 <u>Step 3: Self-Assessment</u>
 - 3.5 <u>Final Declaration</u>
- 4. <u>Requirements for Lawyers Practicing in Multiple Jurisdictions/Outside California</u>
- 5. Law Firm Reporting
- 6. <u>Related Rules</u>

1. CTAPP OVERVIEW

1.1 What is the purpose of the Client Trust Account Protection Program (CTAPP)?

CTAPP is a proactive regulatory program designed to:

- Protect the public by ensuring proper accounting and safeguards for client and third-party funds entrusted to attorneys; and
- Educate, support, and assist attorneys in complying with the ethical and accounting requirements of managing client trust accounts.

<u>Client Trust Account Protection Program webpage</u> <u>California Rule of Court, rule 9.8.5</u>

1.2 What are the CTAPP requirements?

CTAPP includes an annual reporting obligation that is required to be completed by almost all licensees. (See <u>FAQ 2.2</u> for more information on who must comply and <u>FAQ 2.3</u> for who is exempt from CTAPP.) During each billing cycle, licensees are required to complete:

- Annual client trust account reporting (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 9.8.5(a)(1)(A));
- Annual trust account registration (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 9.8.5(a)(1)(B));
- Annual client trust account self-assessment (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 9.8.5(a)(2)(A)); and
- Annual client trust account certification of compliance (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 9.8.5(a)(1)(A)).

Licensees must also submit a declaration saying the information they provided is true and correct.

CTAPP also includes:

- Public education and client outreach regarding attorney responsibilities and the rights of clients;
- Enhanced legal education on client trust account management for attorneys, such as the newly released <u>Practical Trust Account Reconciliation course</u>, which includes practical guidance on CTA recordkeeping and monthly reconciliations, and best practices guides;
- Compliance reviews of selected lawyers by a certified public accountant to ensure adherence to client trust account management requirements; and
- Where appropriate based on the results of the compliance reviews, investigative audits of the licensee's trust accounts.

<u>Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.5</u> <u>Client Trust Accounting Resources</u> <u>CTAPP Training</u>

1.3 What are entrusted funds and how must they be handled?

All funds received by a lawyer in connection with legal representation in which a client or a third party has an interest are funds that must be deposited in a trust account. Examples include advances for fees received from clients (until they are earned by the lawyer), funds of others that are being held for disbursement at a later time, personal injury awards, and litigation settlements.

Client and third-party funds must be held in either an IOLTA or non-IOLTA type client trust account. The definitions of each are as follows:

IOLTA—An attorney or firm that holds funds for a client or third party that are nominal in amount or are held for too short a time to earn interest income for the benefit of the client or third party in excess of the cost to hold the funds in a separate account is required to place those funds in an IOLTA account. (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 6211, subd. (a)). A California IOLTA account must be established and maintained with an eligible institution that offers IOLTA accounts that meet certain requirements. The State Bar website has a list of <u>IOLTA-eligible institutions</u>.

Non-IOLTA—An attorney or firm that holds funds for a client or the benefit of a single party in a matter that is large enough to generate more than nominal interest, or an attorney who holds funds for a single party for an extended period must hold such funds in a non-IOLTA trust account. An example would be funds held by the administrator of a family trust. The attorney must use a non-IOLTA account because these entrusted funds will earn interest in excess of the costs to maintain the account. The interest earned goes to the client or third party. (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 6211, subd. (b)).

When registering a client trust account as part of CTAPP, you must identify the trust account type. The account will either be IOLTA or non-IOLTA; an account will never be both. The account type was established at the time the account was opened and does not change. A California IOLTA must bear the State Bar of California's Taxpayer Identification Number to ensure that interest or dividends generated by this account will be paid to the State Bar's IOLTA program. A non-IOLTA will bear the Social Security Number or Tax ID number of the client or third party.

Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15

1.4 What is the deadline for CTAPP reporting?

The CTAPP reporting deadline is the same as the licensee's deadline for paying their license fees. (Rule 2.5(C) of the Rules of the State Bar). The annual renewal cycle deadline is March 30, but for 2025, the annual renewal cycle deadline for existing licensees will be extended to April 1 due to March 30 falling on a Sunday and the March 31 holiday. This is also the deadline for other requirements (e.g., MCLE compliance, etc.). (Rule 2.11 of the Rules of the State Bar). For new attorneys, the deadline is forty-five days from the invoice date for their fees. (Rule 2.12 of the Rules of the State Bar).

Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.5 Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 2, rule 2.11 Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 2, rule 2.12

1.5 What measures are the State Bar taking to ensure the information reported for CTAPP is secure?

The State Bar takes reasonable precautions and has security measures in place to protect the personal information we collect and maintain against loss, unauthorized access, use, modification, or disclosure. We take the following measures to secure the information that is stored within our applications:

- Protecting the security of individuals' personal information during transmission by using encryption protocols and software.
- Storing personal information in secure locations in an encrypted format.
- Ensuring staff is trained on procedures for the management and release of personal information. This information can only be accessed by staff whose work requires it.
- Conducting periodic audits to ensure that proper information management policies and procedures are being followed.

2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LAWYERS

2.1 What are a lawyer's obligations regarding entrusted funds?

A lawyer in possession of client or third-party funds and property is a fiduciary. A lawyer must safeguard and segregate those funds and not commingle them with the lawyer's personal or business accounts. (See <u>FAQ 1.3</u>, above, for a description of the two types of trust accounts a lawyer may open to hold client or third-party funds.)

A lawyer must report timely and completely to their client regarding the status and accounting of client funds. A lawyer's obligations regarding entrusted funds and property are set out in rule 1.15 of the Rules of Professional Conduct. In addition, under rule 1.4 of the Rules of Professional Conduct, a lawyer must keep their client reasonably informed about significant developments related to a client's representation. Comment [1] to this rule specifies that a lawyer's receipt of funds on behalf of a client ordinarily is a significant development requiring such communication with the client.

Rule of Professional Conduct 1.4 Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15

2.2 Who is required to complete the CTAPP reporting requirements?

With very few exceptions (see <u>FAQ 2.3</u> below), all licensees who held an active license status at ANY time during the reporting period must complete the CTAPP reporting requirements. For 2024, the reporting period is January 1–December 31, 2023. This includes those licensees whose status changed to voluntary inactive at any time during the reporting period.

2.3 Who is NOT required to complete the CTAPP reporting requirements?

The CTAPP rules exempt certain licensees from the CTAPP reporting, including:

- Lawyers who were not on active status at any point during the reporting period; and
- Lawyers who are not entitled to practice law at the time of the reporting deadline for any reason other than voluntary inactive enrollment (e.g., due to disciplinary or regulatory action). However, lawyers who were not entitled to practice law at the time of the reporting deadline for reasons other than voluntary inactive enrollment must comply prior to returning to active status.

2.4 What are the consequences of noncompliance with the requirements of client trust reporting?

An attorney who fails to satisfy the requirements of CTAPP and its associated rules by the deadline will be assessed a noncompliance penalty. If the attorney still does not comply, they will be enrolled as an inactive licensee of the State Bar under the rules adopted by the Board of Trustees of the State Bar. Inactive enrollment imposed for noncompliance with the requirements of this program is cumulative and does not preclude a disciplinary proceeding or other actions for violations of the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, or other applicable laws. (See <u>FAQ 2.12</u>, below, for a discussion of the unauthorized practice of law by inactive licensees.)

2.5 How do I know if I have completed my CTAPP reporting?

Your reporting is complete if:

- You answered "no" to the CTAPP screening question and submitted your final declaration; or
- You answered "yes" to the CTAPP screening question and:
 - 1. Completed Step 1: Annual Client Trust Account Reporting;
 - 2. Registered your trust accounts in Step 2: Account Registration (or confirmed your firm registered your trust accounts on your behalf through Agency Billing) and you or your firm updated the year-end account balance for all registered trust accounts;
 - 3. Completed Step 3: Self-Assessment;
 - 4. Completed the certification in Step 4: Client Trust Account Annual Certification of Compliance; and
 - 5. Submitted your final declaration.

You can verify your compliance status by logging into <u>My State Bar Profile</u> and reviewing your Compliance Dashboard. Each box on the dashboard displays reminders related to each of your annual requirements, including your current CTAPP status. Click the blue button on the relevant tile to complete outstanding tasks.

If your individual reporting is complete, you can review your responses and determine if your firm has registered accounts on your behalf using the "View a Summary of your CTAPP Annual Reporting" link on the CTAPP Annual Reporting tile on the Compliance Dashboard page. You will not invalidate your declaration by reviewing this summary.

2.6 I have already completed my reporting, but I want to change an answer during the annual CTAPP reporting period. How do I do that?

If you have already completed your CTAPP reporting for the current period and you want to change an answer before the reporting deadline, you can access the CTAPP reporting page by logging in to <u>My State Bar Profile</u>. On your Client Trust Reporting page

(third blue tab at the top), click the CTAPP Annual Reporting tile. You can click through the pop-up warning that says you have already submitted your CTAPP Annual Reporting declaration and that you will have to resubmit your declaration, or you will be out of compliance. **NOTE:** Even if you make no changes, be sure to click all the way through and resubmit your declaration.

2.7 I'm not involved with the firm's client trust accounting; why do I have to report on client trust accounts?

If a lawyer is a signatory on a trust account, exercises managerial or primary administrative oversight for a trust account or is otherwise responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15 of the Rules of Professional Conduct, the lawyer is responsible for those funds. The lawyer remains responsible even if other lawyers are also responsible for the safekeeping of funds. The lawyer is ultimately responsible even if nonlawyers are assigned certain accounting tasks for those funds; for example, bookkeeping and banking related to client trust accounts. (See Rules Prof. Conduct, rule 5.3.)

Accounting and recordkeeping activities are only one part of a lawyer's duties to properly handle entrusted funds. Other duties include, for example, the responsibility for giving notice to the client or other person that funds were received on behalf of the client or other person and identifying and resolving disputes about entitlement to trust funds. These duties ordinarily are not the job of a firm's bookkeeper. All of these responsibilities are considered nondelegable duties. The proactive regulation, reporting, and monitoring of CTAPP are intended to promote a lawyer's compliance and prevent avoidable financial harm to clients. The only aspect of CTAPP reporting that can be fulfilled by the lawyer's firm is the annual registration of client trust accounts by a firm or organization that is registered with the State Bar's Agency Billing platform.

Rule of Professional Conduct 5.3

2.8 I don't handle entrusted funds. Do I have to report?

If you do not maintain a trust account, a trust account is not maintained on your behalf, and you do not need a trust account because you are not responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15, you can answer "no" to the screening question: "At any point during the reporting period of January 1, 2024– December 31, 2024, or, if you are a new licensee who must pay your initial license fees pursuant to rule 2.12 of the Rules of the State Bar, from your date of admission through the following December 31, 2024, or the due date for payment of fees, whichever is earlier, were you responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions governing the safekeeping of funds of clients and other persons under rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct?" After submitting that response and declaring the information is true, your compliance with CTAPP will be deemed complete.

If your practice does not require a client trust account, you do not need to open one to report it to the State Bar as part of the CTAPP requirements. If you have questions about using trust accounts, including whether you are responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15 or whether you need a trust account, please contact the State Bar's <u>Ethics Hotline</u> research service at 800-238-4427 (toll-free in California). The Ethics Hotline might be able to provide helpful citations and resource references. The Ethics Hotline cannot provide legal advice, nor tell you how to comply with any of the CTAPP requirements, including the self-assessment.

Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15

2.9 I have a client trust account, but I don't have any client funds in it. Do I have to report it?

Yes. Even if you do not currently hold funds in your client trust account, you must still report and register the account. Further, regardless of whether there are client funds, third-party funds, or no funds in a trust account, an attorney has the CTA obligations set forth in the standards in rule 1.15.

The definition of a client trust account is "any bank account or accounts opened to receive or hold funds in accordance with rule 1.15(a) of the Rules of Professional Conduct, regardless of the amount of funds in the account, and includes, but is not limited to, any IOLTA account under Business and Professions Code section 6211, subdivision (a) where the interest is paid to the State Bar; and any accounts established under Business and Professions Code section 6211, subdivision (b) where the interest is payable to a client or other person."

Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15 Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.5 Business and Professions Code section 6211

2.10 I do not maintain my own trust account, but I work for a firm that has a trust account. How do I know if the firm trust account is maintained "on my behalf?"

Rule 1.15 requires attorneys who handle trust funds to hold those funds in one or more interest-bearing bank accounts labeled as a "Trust Account," or words of similar import. If, at any point in the reporting period, you were responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15 (e.g., responsibilities for the safekeeping of funds, identifying and discharging of liens, notifying clients that funds have been received, etc.), regardless of whether someone else ultimately performed this function, you are required to have a trust account. If funds were deposited into the firm's trust account(s), then that trust account/those trust accounts are maintained, at least in part, on your behalf. Therefore, if, at any point in the reporting period, you were responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15, you should answer, "Yes, a firm or organization I am currently employed by or in practice with ...,"

or both to at least one of the questions in CTAPP Step 1: Annual Client Trust Account Reporting and thereafter complete the remaining CTAPP requirements. If your firm administrator will register the IOLTA and/or Non-IOLTA account details on your behalf through the State Bar's Agency Billing application, you may check the checkbox to indicate that in Step 2: Account Registration.

If you have further questions about trust accounts, including whether you are responsible for complying with rule 1.15, whether you need a trust account, the rules of trust accounting, the recent changes to the rules regarding the safekeeping of funds, etc., please contact the State Bar's Ethics Hotline research service at 800-238-4427 (toll-free in California). The Ethics Hotline cannot provide legal advice, nor tell you how to comply with any of the CTAPP requirements, including whether to answer "yes" or "no" in any portion of the CTAPP reporting requirements.

2.11 I am a licensed attorney and also a nonlegal professional (e.g., probate trustee, investment advisor, real estate agent, business manager, etc.), do the Rules of Professional Conduct (e.g., rule 1.15) apply and do I need to report and register any trust account as part of CTAPP?

When a licensee performs both legal and non-legal professional services for a client, the licensee is subject to the Rules of Professional Conduct with respect to all of those services. (See Cal. State Bar Formal Opn. Nos. <u>1982-69</u>, <u>1995-141</u>, and <u>1999-154</u>). Therefore, a key question is whether the licensee is performing legal services and, as a result, is subject to rule 1.15 and the other Rules of Professional Conduct. If not, and the licensee is merely a real estate broker who happens to be a lawyer, rule 1.15 may not apply. Similarly, if the licensee is a trustee but did not perform any legal services related to the creation of the trust and does not perform any legal services related to the trust, rule 1.15 may not apply. On the other hand, if the licensee is acting as both the real estate lawyer and broker, and the lawyer receives entrusted funds from, or for, the transaction, rule 1.15 would apply, and any accounts need to be reported and registered as part of the licensee's CTAPP compliance. The same is true of lawyers providing other non-legal professional services, regardless of whether they, as a trustee, for example, report to the probate court.

If you have further questions on dual capacity, including whether you are responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15, please contact the State Bar's Ethics Hotline research service at 800-238-4427 (toll-free in California). The Ethics Hotline cannot provide legal advice, nor tell you how to comply with any of the CTAPP requirements, including whether to answer "yes" or "no" in any portion of the CTAPP reporting requirements.

2.12 I was placed on involuntary inactive status for failure to comply with the CTAPP reporting requirements. Now what?

While a licensee is on inactive status, that licensee cannot practice law. An inactive licensee who engages in the practice of law may be guilty of a misdemeanor. (See Bus. &

Prof. Code, §§ 6125–6126, 6068, subd.(a), & 6106. See also <u>In the Matter of Burke</u> (Review Dept. 2016) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 448.) Additionally, a licensee on inactive status may have a duty to inform their client(s) or a tribunal that they are ineligible to practice law. (See Rules of Professional Conduct 1.4 and 3.3.) If you have further questions about the unauthorized practice of law, please contact the State Bar's Ethics Hotline research service at 800-238-4427 (toll-free in California). The Ethics Hotline cannot provide legal advice, nor tell you how to comply with any of the CTAPP requirements, including whether to answer "yes" or "no" in any portion of the CTAPP reporting requirements.

Reinstatement of your license requires payment of any applicable fees, completion of the past due CTAPP reporting requirements, and applying for reinstatement. To submit payment of applicable fees, please log in to your <u>My State Bar Profile</u> and click the "Pay Fee" link on the CTAPP Annual Reporting tile on your Compliance Dashboard or click the blue "Make a payment" button on the Profile Summary page to go to the "Annual Fee page. You should go to the Annual Fee page to pay outstanding fees even if you have already paid your annual licensing fee for 2025. From there, click the blue "Calculate and pay my fees" button to see a breakdown of the fees owed. Click continue and follow the steps to complete your payment.

If you were involuntarily enrolled as inactive for noncompliance in 2025, you can complete your CTAPP reporting in My State Bar Profile and then complete and submit the first page of the <u>CTAPP Noncompliance Reinstatement Form</u>. If you were involuntarily enrolled as inactive for CTAPP noncompliance in 2023 or 2024, you will need to complete and submit the first page of the <u>CTAPP Noncompliance Reinstatement</u> <u>Form</u> and the attached CTAPP reporting forms for all missing years.

2.13 How do I report changes to my trust accounts outside of the annual CTAPP reporting period (rule 2.2(C) of the Rules of the State Bar)?

A lawyer must report any changes to their client trust account to the State Bar within 30 days. A lawyer may add or close an account using the 30-day reporting window in My State Bar Profile, and a firm administrator may add or close an account or add or remove an attorney from an account through the 30-day reporting window in the Agency Billing platform. When a firm administrator adds a new attorney or removes an attorney from a trust account, they provide the effective date and reason for the disassociation as part of the reporting.

Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.2

3. SPECIFIC QUESTIONS ABOUT THE CTAPP REPORTING AND REGISTRATION STEPS

3.1. Screening Question

3.1.1 What does "responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions governing the safekeeping of funds of clients and other persons under

rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct" mean?

A licensee is "responsible for client funds and funds entrusted by others under the provisions of rule 1.15 of the Rules of Professional Conduct" within the meaning of this rule if, at any point during the reporting period, they acted as a signatory on a trust account—even if there was no money in the account, exercised managerial or primary administrative oversight for a trust account, or were otherwise responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15 of the Rules of Professional Conduct. The requirements and prohibitions in rule 1.15 are not limited to banking and recordkeeping duties and include, for example, the responsibility for giving notice to the client or other person that funds were received on behalf of the client or other person and the duty to identify and discharge liens.

Lawyers who were responsible for entrusted funds in the reporting period must also register, or have their firm register through the State Bar's Agency Billing application, all client trust accounts, take a self-assessment of client trust account management practices, and certify their compliance with requirements of rule 1.15 of the Rules of Professional Conduct.

<u>Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.5</u> <u>Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15</u>

3.1.2 Am I responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions governing the safekeeping of funds of clients and other persons under rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct?

A lawyer who has **no** responsibility to comply with **any** of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15 can comply with their reporting requirements by answering "no" to the screening question as to whether they were responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions governing the safekeeping of funds of clients and other persons under rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct and thereafter submitting their declaration. Lawyers who have no such responsibilities include:

- A government lawyer-employee who is not responsible for the safe keeping of entrusted funds;
- An in-house counsel who is employed by their client and does not receive or hold client funds or funds entrusted by others;
- Law professors who do not represent clients that involve any entrusted funds and do not otherwise receive or hold entrusted funds;
- A lawyer in a large firm who only performs document review, has no interaction with any clients, and has no responsibilities to carry out any of the duties under rule 1.15; and
- A lawyer who bills for fees and costs after completion of the work and therefore does not take advance fees and their practice does not involve the receipt of any

other funds in which a client or third party has an interest (e.g., client settlement funds, etc.).

Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.5 Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15

3.2 Step 1: Annual Client Trust Account Reporting

3.2.1 What is the difference between question 1 and question 2 in Step 1?

Question 1 asks whether, to comply with the requirements or prohibitions governing the safekeeping of funds of clients and other persons in rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct, you maintained—or anyone maintained on your behalf—any trust account under Business and Professions Code section 6211, subdivision (a) where the interest is paid to the State Bar, also known as an Interest of Lawyer's Trust Account (**IOLTA**), or a similar pooled trust account in another jurisdiction?

Question 2 asks the same question about trust accounts under Business and Professions Code section 6211, subdivision (b) where the interest is payable to a client or other person or similar accounts, also known as **non-IOLTA** trust accounts, or a similar trust account in another jurisdiction.

When registering a client trust account as part of CTAPP, you must identify the trust account type. The account will either be IOLTA or non-IOLTA; an account will never be both. The account type was established at the time the account was opened and does not change. A California IOLTA must bear the State Bar of California's Taxpayer Identification Number to ensure that interest or dividends generated by this account will be paid to the State Bar's IOLTA program. A non-IOLTA will bear the Social Security Number or Tax ID number of the client or third party.

<u>Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15</u> Business and Professions Code section 6211

3.2.2 How do I choose which answer to select for questions 1 and 2 in Step 1?

If you answer "Yes" to the screening question indicating that you are responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions governing the safekeeping of funds of clients and other persons under rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct, you must maintain a trust account—or have one maintained on your behalf—to receive and hold the entrusted funds. Therefore, you must answer "Yes . . ." to at least one Step 1 question. Which answer you should choose depends on who will be registering the account with the State Bar.

For example, if you select, "Yes, I will provide or update all account information via My State Bar Profile, including the balance as of December 31, 2024." in response to either question 1 and/or question 2, you must complete all CTAPP reporting requirements and

you **must** register a corresponding IOLTA, non-IOLTA, or both, depending on the question(s) to which you select this answer, in Step 2: Account Registration **via My State Bar Profile**. Be sure the account is registered via My State Bar Profile by checking column 2 (Application Type) of the Step 2 account grid. See image, below.

If you select "Yes, **a firm or organization** I am currently employed by or in practice with will provide or update the account information **via Agency Billing**, including the balance as of December 31, 2024..." in response to either question 1 and/or question 2, you must complete all CTAPP reporting requirements. A firm or organization can only register a corresponding IOLTA, non-IOLTA, or both, depending on the question(s) to which you select this answer, **via the State Bar's Agency Billing platform**. Regardless of whether you select this answer, it remains your responsibility to ensure that all necessary account details are registered, including the December 31 balance. You should be sure to confirm with your firm or organization administrator that they will register the required information via the State Bar's Agency Billing platform by the deadline. Be sure the account is registered via Agency Billing by checking column 2 (Application Type) of the Step 2 account grid. See image, below.

If you select "Yes, however, I am no longer employed by or in practice with the firm or organization. I understand that I am not required to register trust accounts that are maintained by a firm or organization that I am no longer employed by or in practice with as of December 31, 2024" and you did NOT also select any of the other "Yes . . ." answers, you do not have to register any accounts in Step 2 (account registration). You are not required to register accounts that are maintained by a firm or organization that you are no longer in practice with as of December 31, 2024. If there are no other accounts that you maintained or were maintained on your behalf, you may proceed to Step 3 (self-assessment).

You may choose as many "Yes" answers to the same question as are applicable to your situation. You may not simultaneously select a "Yes" and "No" answer to the same question. If you choose multiple "Yes" answers requiring trust account registration, you must have multiple trust accounts registered in Step 2. For example, if you choose "Yes, I will provide or update all account information, including the balance as of December 31, 2024" and "Yes, a firm or organization I am currently employed by or in practice with will provide or update the account information via Agency Billing, including the balance as of December 31, 2024" in response to question 1, you must have two IOLTA accounts registered in Step 2, one registered via My State Bar Profile and one registered via Agency Billing.

Your responses to questions 1 and 2 in Step 1 should never be "No . . ." and "No . . ." if you answered "Yes" to the screening question indicating that you were responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions governing the safekeeping of funds of clients and other persons under rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct.

Please see the tables, below, to see the type of account and the application through which it must be registered for each response to the Step 1 questions.

Account Type	Application Type	Bank Name / Account No.	Firm Name	State	Open Date	Last Reported Date	Connection to Attorney	
Action Required	Agency Billing		ł	CA	On File	On File	Associated	+

Step 1 Question 1 (IOLTA) Responses	Account Type Required in Step 2	Application Type (Registered Through)
"Yes, I will provide or update all account information via My State Bar Profile, including the	CA IOLTA or Non-CA IOLTA	My State Bar Profile
balance as of December 31, 2024."		
"Yes, a firm or organization I am currently employed by or in practice with will provide or update the account information via Agency Billing, including the balance as of December 31, 2024"	CA IOLTA or Non-CA IOLTA	Agency Billing
"Yes, however, I am no longer employed by or in practice with the firm or organization. I understand that I am not required to register trust accounts that are maintained by a firm or organization that I am no longer employed by or in practice with as of December 31, 2024."	No account registration required.	-
"No, I did not maintain an IOLTA or similar pooled trust account in another jurisdiction, and no firm maintained one on my behalf, but I did maintain a non-IOLTA trust account or a non-IOLTA trust account was maintained on my behalf."	No account registration required.	-

Step 1 Question 2 (Non-IOLTA) Responses	Account Type Required in Step 2	Application Type (Registered Through)
"Yes, I will provide or update all account information via My State Bar Profile, including the balance as of December 31, 2024."	Non-IOLTA	My State Bar Profile
"Yes, a firm or organization I am currently employed by or in practice with will provide or update the account information via Agency Billing"	Non-IOLTA	Agency Billing
"Yes, however, I am no longer employed by or in practice with the firm or organization. I understand that I am not required to register trust accounts that are maintained by a firm or organization that I am no longer employed by or in practice with as of December 31, 2024."	No account registration required.	-

"No, I did not maintain a non-IOLTA or similar trust	No account registration	-
account in another jurisdiction, and no firm	required.	
maintained one on my behalf, but I did maintain an		
IOLTA or an IOLTA was maintained on my behalf."		

3.2.3 I am a sole practitioner and have a legal entity (e.g., APC, Law Offices, etc.). For the questions in Step 1: Annual Client Trust Account Reporting, do I answer that I will provide or update the account information via My State Bar Profile or that a firm will provide or update the account information via Agency Billing?

As a sole practitioner, you likely maintain the account yourself or have a bookkeeper maintain the account and have access to the account information (e.g., routing number, account number, balance, etc.). If so, you can provide or update the account information via My State Bar Profile.

We provide the "a firm or organization I am currently employed by or in practice with will provide or update the account information via Agency Billing" option for people who do not have access to the account information and who have a firm administrator who uses the State Bar's Agency Billing platform, and the administrator will register the firm trust accounts on behalf of the firm lawyers. If this applies to you, you may select that answer in Step 1 and, in Step 2: Account Registration, if the firm administrator has not already registered the account details, you will select the checkbox next to "My firm or organization administrator informed me that the IOLTA and/or Non-IOLTA account details will be reported by my firm or organization on my behalf through the State Bar's Agency Billing application. I understand that it is my responsibility to ensure that my CTAPP reporting is complete, including that my firm or organization reports any account details maintained on my behalf." It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary account details are registered, including the December 31 balance. You should be sure to confirm with your firm administrator that they will register the required information via the State Bar's Agency Billing platform by the deadline.

3.3 Step 2: Account Registration

3.3.1 How do I register my trust accounts in My State Bar Profile?

For help registering your trust accounts in Step 2 of CTAPP in My State Bar Profile, please see the <u>Client Trust Account Updates Guide</u>.

3.3.2 The bank holding my trust account was acquired by or merged with another bank. My routing number and account number haven't changed, but the bank name has changed. How do I report this change to my account?

The State Bar is in the process of updating all bank names according to the names listed in the official Registrar of Routing Numbers for the American Bankers Association. Therefore, if your bank name changed, but your routing number and account number stayed the same, the State Bar will update the bank name to your existing trust account

record. You do not need to do anything to change the bank name. You will still need to provide the year-end balance for your existing trust account.

3.3.3 The bank holding my trust account was acquired by or merged with another bank. The new bank changed my routing number and account number, but I cannot update those fields during my CTAPP reporting. How do I report this change to my account?

The trust account reporting system does not allow changes to routing numbers or account numbers of previously registered trust accounts. To report this change, please close the registration of the existing account by clicking the "Update Account Information" link and then entering, in the "Edit Close Date" tab, the date the account was changed to the new routing and account number. You will also need to enter the balance on that date.

You can then register the account with the new routing number and account number. In the open date field, please enter the date the account was changed to the new routing and account number. Please be sure to enter the bank balance of the new account as of December 31.

3.3.4 How do I disassociate a client trust account?

If you need to disassociate a client trust account that is no longer active or held by a firm by which you are no longer employed or in practice with, you should:

- 1. Log in to your My State Bar Profile
- 2. Navigate to the CTAPP reporting section
- 3. Locate the account you wish to disassociate in your list of accounts
- 4. Click on the **plus sign (+)** on the right-hand side of the screen to expand options
- 5. Select the "Update Connection" tab on the account details pop-up.
- 6. Change the "Connection to Attorney" to "Disassociated/Added in Error."
- 7. You will need to provide a disassociation reason and a disassociation effective date.
- 8. If you are reporting a disassociation effective date more than 30 days after the disassociation date, the system will prompt you for a reason why you are reporting it after the 30-day update deadline. At this time, there is no penalty for noncompliance with the 30-day update requirement. Answering this question truthfully will not result in an increased likelihood of a CTAPP compliance review or investigatory audit. The State Bar's current focus is on gathering accurate information, educating licensees about their trust account responsibilities (including the 30-day update requirement), and improving overall compliance. There is a 50-character limit on this field.
- 9. Click the "Save" button.

This process removes the account from your profile for future reporting periods but maintains the historical record as required.

Complete CTAPP Reporting Requirement How to Report Client Trust Account Updates

3.3.5 How do I edit an existing account?

Please check column 2 (Application Type) of the Step 2 account grid. If the account was registered through Agency Billing you can only update the Account Connection to "Disassociated/Added in Error." To do so, please see <u>FAQ 3.3.4</u>. For all other changes, including adding a balance, firm name changes, etc., please contact your firm administrator.

If your account was previously registered as a "Ind. CTA or Non-CA IOLTA" account type, you will be required to update your account type to "IOLTA", "non-CA IOLTA", or "non-IOLTA".

If you were not previously required to provide an open date, you will be required to provide the open date for each of your registered accounts.

If the account was registered through My State Bar Profile, you can edit some details of an existing account. To do so, you should:

- 1. Locate the account you wish to disassociate in your list of accounts
- 2. Click on the **plus sign (+)** on the right-hand side of the screen to expand options
- 3. Select the "Edit Balance," "Update Connection," "Update Account Type," "Edit Close Date," "Edit Open Date," or "Edit Firm Name" tab depending on what information you want to update.
- 4. Update the information.
- 5. Click the "Save" button.

Complete CTAPP Reporting Requirement

3.3.6 Why am I being asked about failing to reporting within 30 days? Am I in trouble?

<u>Rule 2.2(C) of the Rules of the State Bar</u> requires licensees to report changes in trust account information within 30 days of any change. Many licensees are unaware of this longstanding rule. **At this time**, there is **no penalty for noncompliance with the 30-day update requirement**. Answering this question truthfully will not increase the likelihood of a CTAPP compliance review or investigatory audit. Currently, the State Bar is focusing on gathering accurate information, educating licensees about their trust account responsibilities (including the 30-day update requirement), and improving overall compliance. There is a 50-character limit on this field.

How to Report Client Trust Account Updates Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.2

3.4 Step 3: Self-Assessment

3.4.1 Where can I see the questions I will be asked during the self-assessment?

The CTAPP self-assessment questions can be viewed in the <u>CTAPP self-assessment</u> <u>preview</u>.

3.4.2 The self-assessment asks about tasks that I do not personally perform (e.g., conducting a monthly reconciliation) but I believe other persons in my firm are responsible for those tasks. How do I complete those items in the self-assessment?

A subordinate lawyer may consult a supervisory lawyer to confirm that duties that are not personally performed are being properly discharged by others in the firm. For example, a subordinate lawyer may ask the attorney who manages the firm's client trust accounts whether monthly reconciliations are performed on the client trust accounts. Absent information to the contrary, the subordinate lawyer may reasonably rely on that guidance in completing the self-assessment.

Rule of Professional Conduct 5.1 Rule of Professional Conduct 5.2

3.4.3 Why am I being required to take a self-assessment on client trust accounting practices, and is it a wrong answer if I respond "no" to any of the self-assessment items?

The required self-assessment is a tool to help attorneys evaluate their current practices and to provide citations to relevant rules and other references, including sections of the <u>Handbook on Client Trust Accounting for California Attorneys</u>. The objective is to promote awareness of duties and facilitate thoughtful consideration of any possible changes to an attorney's current practices.

Given the great variety of practice settings, including situations where an attorney's practice is conducted in part or completely in another state with different rules, an attorney might appropriately respond "no" to a self-assessment item. Responding "no" should not be considered a wrong answer when that response accurately reflects an attorney's current practices. However, if you respond "no" to any question, you may consider documenting in your records the purpose of any "no" responses. The self-assessment questions may be reviewed if you are selected for a compliance review. Documentation will assist the reviewer to quickly understand the purpose of the firm's practice.

In taking the self-assessment, if an attorney is unsure about how California rules and recordkeeping standards apply to a specific practice setting, an inquiry to the <u>Ethics</u> <u>Hotline</u> research service at 800-238-4427 (toll-free in California) can be helpful. The Ethics Hotline might be able to provide more citations and resource references than the ones included in the self-assessment. The Ethics Hotline cannot provide legal advice, nor

tell you how to comply with any of the CTAPP requirements, including the self-assessment.

Only by thoughtfully and honestly completing the self-assessment will an attorney realize the benefits of this compliance tool. Please keep in mind that the self-assessment questions are framed in the present tense and as such, they do not elicit information about prior conduct. Most importantly, what is learned from the self-assessment should inform an attorney's future conduct in providing competent and professionally responsible services when handling funds and property of clients and others.

3.5 Final Declaration

3.5.1 Instead of the Final Declaration, I am getting an "Outstanding Reporting Requirements" error message. Why am I getting this error and how do I fix it?

Outstanding Reporting Requirements



If, you see the error message, above, instead of the final declaration, there is information missing from the account registration **OR** there is a mismatch between the accounts reported in Step 1 and the accounts registered in Step 2.

Steps to resolve:

- Go to Step 2 and make sure each of your trust accounts are registered, including the account balance as of December 31.
- If one or more of your accounts are missing and should be registered through **My State Bar Profile**, please register the missing accounts.
- If one or more of your accounts are missing and should be registered through Agency Billing, please contact your firm administrator to confirm they will be registering the accounts, including the December 31 balance. If your firm administrator has not yet registered the account(s), but confirms they will register the account(s) through Agency Billing – and only if they confirm they will register the account(s) through Agency Billing – you may check the box next to the

statement, "My firm or organization administrator informed me that the IOLTA and/or Non-IOLTA trust account details will be registered by my firm or organization on my behalf via the State Bar's Agency Billing application. I understand that it is my responsibility to ensure that my CTAPP reporting is complete, including that my firm or organization registers any account details maintained on my behalf." **Do not check this box if the account will not be registered through Agency Billing; your reporting will be incomplete, and you will be subject to a noncompliance fee**.

- If all of your accounts are registered and have a balance, but you are still getting the above error, please review the "Account Type" and "Application Type" columns in Step 2 and then review your responses to the Step 1 questions. There may be a mismatch between your responses to the Step 1 questions and the accounts registered in Step 2. Licensees must have at least one account of the correct account type (IOLTA or Non-IOLTA) registered through the correct application (My State Bar Profile or Agency Billing) in Step 2 for every "Yes" response in Step 1 (except former firm).
- If one or more of your account types is "Ind. CTA or Non-CA IOLTA" account type, you will be required to update your account type to "IOLTA", "non-CA IOLTA", or "non-IOLTA." Please see <u>FAQ 3.3.5</u> for information on how to edit your account to update the account type.

Account Type	Application Type	Bank Name / Account No.	Firm Name	State	Open Date	Last Reported Date	Connection to Attorney	
Action Required	Agency Billing		ł	CA	On File	On File	Associated	+

Step 1 Question 1 (IOLTA) Responses	Account Type Required in Step 2	Application Type (Registered Through)
"Yes, I will provide or update all account	CA IOLTA or Non-CA IOLTA	My State Bar Profile
information via My State Bar Profile, including the balance as of December 31, 2024."		
"Yes, a firm or organization I am currently	CA IOLTA or Non-CA	Agency Billing
employed by or in practice with will provide or	IOLTA	
update the account information via Agency Billing,		
including the balance as of December 31, 2024"		
"Yes, however, I am no longer employed by or in	No account registration	
practice with the firm or organization. I understand	required.	
that I am not required to register trust accounts		
that are maintained by a firm or organization that I		
am no longer employed by or in practice with as of		
December 31, 2024."		
"No, I did not maintain an IOLTA or similar pooled	No account registration	
trust account in another jurisdiction, and no firm	required.	
maintained one on my behalf, but I did maintain a		

non-IOLTA trust account or a non-IOLTA trust	
account was maintained on my behalf."	

Step 1 Question 2 (Non-IOLTA) Responses	Account Type Required in Step 2	Application Type (Registered Through)
"Yes, I will provide or update all account information via My State Bar Profile, including the balance as of December 31, 2024."	Non-IOLTA	My State Bar Profile
"Yes, a firm or organization I am currently employed by or in practice with will provide or update the account information via Agency Billing"	Non-IOLTA	Agency Billing
"Yes, however, I am no longer employed by or in practice with the firm or organization. I understand that I am not required to register trust accounts that are maintained by a firm or organization that I am no longer employed by or in practice with as of December 31, 2024."	No account registration required.	-
"No, I did not maintain a non-IOLTA or similar trust account in another jurisdiction, and no firm maintained one on my behalf, but I did maintain an IOLTA or an IOLTA was maintained on my behalf."	No account registration required.	-

If, in Step 1, you chose multiple "Yes" answers requiring trust account registration, for example, in response to question 1, you selected, "Yes, I will provide or update all account information via My State Bar Profile, including the balance as of December 31, 2024" and, in response to question 2, you also selected "Yes, I will provide or update all account information via My State Bar Profile, including the balance as of December 31, 2024," and, in response to question 2, you also selected "Yes, I will provide or update all account information via My State Bar Profile, including the balance as of December 31, 2024," based on your selected responses you are required to register both an IOLTA and a non-IOLTA trust account via My State Bar Profile. If you only have one trust account, please revise your response to either question 1 or question 2. A trust account can never be both an IOLTA and a non-IOLTA.

Similarly, if you selected multiple "Yes" responses requiring trust account registration to question 1 (e.g., "Yes, I will provide or update all account information via My State Bar **Profile**, including the balance as of December 31, 2024" and "Yes, a firm or organization I am currently employed by or in practice with will provide or update the account information via Agency Billing . . ."), based on your selected responses you are required to register multiple IOLTAs via My State Bar Profile and Agency Billing. If you only have one IOLTA, please revise your responses to question 1 in Step 1.

4. REQUIREMENTS FOR LAWYERS PRACTICING IN MULTIPLE JURISDICTIONS/OUTSIDE CALIFORNIA

4.1 I am licensed in multiple jurisdictions, and I maintain an active California license; however, I do not represent any California clients, I do not have any matters pending

in California, and I do not have any client funds in California or any funds from clients in California. Do I need to report my out-of-state accounts?

Unless exempt (see FAQ 2.3, above), California licensees, regardless of where they practice, must still comply with the CTAPP reporting requirements. To answer Step 1: Annual Client Trust Account Reporting questions, licensees must determine whether they are responsible for client funds and funds entrusted by others under the provisions of rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct. (See Rules Prof. Conduct, rule 8.5.) If so, because rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct requires attorneys who handle trust funds to hold those funds in one or more client trust accounts labeled as a "Trust Account," or words of similar import, the licensee must answer "yes" to at least one of the CTAPP Annual Client Trust Account Reporting questions of whether they maintained any trust accounts under Business and Professions Code section 6211, subdivision (a) where the interest is paid to the State Bar, also known as an Interest of Lawyer's Trust Account (IOLTA) or trust accounts is payable to a client or other person, also known as non-IOLTA trust accounts, and complete the remaining CTAPP requirements.

Only if the licensee is not responsible for any client funds and funds entrusted by others under rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct may the licensee answer "no" to the CTAPP Annual Client Trust Account Reporting questions.

For information on reporting an IOLTA account outside California, please refer to CTAPP <u>FAQ 4.3</u>, below.

Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15 Rule of Professional Conduct 8.5 Business and Professions Code section 6211

4.2 I am licensed in multiple jurisdictions, and I maintain an active California license. I have clients in California and clients in another jurisdiction, and I maintain client trust accounts in California and another jurisdiction. Do I need to report my client trust accounts located in another jurisdiction?

Unless exempt (see FAQ 2.3, above), California licensees, regardless of where they practice, must still comply with the CTAPP reporting requirements. A licensee who was responsible for client funds and funds entrusted by others under the provisions of rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct must, annually, register **each and every** trust account in which the licensee held such funds at any time during the reportable time period by identifying account numbers and financial institutions in a manner prescribed by the State Bar for such reporting. There is no exception for out-of-state accounts.

<u>Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15</u> <u>State Bar Rules, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.5</u>

4.3 How do I report IOLTA accounts outside of California?

In general, under rule 1.15(a) of the Rules of Professional Conduct, a licensee's trust accounts must be maintained in California, or, with the written consent of the client, in another jurisdiction where there is a substantial relationship between the client or the client's business and that other jurisdiction. Therefore, if licensees are entitled to hold IOLTA accounts outside of California, they will need to register those accounts as Non-CA IOLTA accounts by selecting "Add Account" in My State Bar Profile, or, if using the Agency Billing application, selecting "Manage Accounts."

Rule of Professional Conduct 1.15

4.4 I have an IOLTA account outside California. In question 2 of the self-assessment, how can I affirm that any funds held in a California IOLTA account are maintained in an IOLTA-eligible institution identified on the State Bar of California's website if the account is held outside California by an institution that is not on the approved list?

Under Business and Professions Code section 6212, attorneys that established an IOLTA account pursuant to subdivision (a) of Business and Professions Code section 6211, may hold IOLTA accounts only at <u>eligible financial institutions</u>. Rule 1.15(a) of the California Rules of Professional Conduct generally requires that trust accounts for California clients be maintained in California. You are permitted to hold client funds in an IOLTA account outside California if your client is from somewhere other than California or if your California client has a substantial relationship with the other jurisdiction and has provided written consent. If your practice meets those criteria and you do not have a California IOLTA, you may select "I do not have a California IOLTA" as your response.

Business and Professions Code section 6211 Business and Professions Code section 6212

4.5 Do I need to report non-U.S. bank accounts?

Unless exempt (see FAQ 2.3, above), California licensees, regardless of where they practice, must still comply with the CTAPP reporting requirements. Licensees must report and register each and every trust account in any location if (1) they acted as a signatory or exercised managerial or primary administrative oversight for a trust account held pursuant to rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct or (2) were otherwise responsible for complying with any of the requirements or prohibitions in rule 1.15 of the California Rules of Professional Conduct (e.g., responsibilities for safekeeping of funds, to identify and discharge liens, notify clients that funds have been received, etc.).

Currently, CTAPP reporting features do not allow licensees or firm administrators to enter non-U.S. routing and account numbers. Therefore, for all non-U.S. trust accounts, in Step 1: Annual Trust Account Reporting, please check the box next to "Yes, I will provide or update all account information, including the balance as of December 31,

2024" for the appropriate question, depending on the type of account. Then, during Step 2: Account Registration, check the checkbox next to "Other" under the sentence, "If you selected Yes to the IOLTA or Non-IOLTA question in Step 1, but are unable to register that IOLTA (CA or Non-CA) and/or Non-IOLTA because you do not have some of the required information, please describe why below," and, in the box provided, list all non-U.S. bank accounts, including bank name, account number, and country of origin. In future years, we expect enhancements to the reporting application will make it possible for licensees and agencies to report non-U.S. trust account information.

5. LAW FIRM REPORTING

5.1 Can my firm complete my CTAPP reporting on my behalf?

Law firms and organizations can complete only one portion of the requirements for the lawyers who work for them, which is registering trust accounts on their behalf. Even if the firm registers the account on behalf of the lawyer, the lawyers must still log into their My State Bar Profile page and complete the initial report of whether they maintained a CTA or one was maintained on their behalf, the self-assessment, the certification that they are knowledgeable about and in compliance with the rules regarding the safekeeping of funds and the declaration.

If the firm or organization that you are currently employed by or in practice with is registered with the State Bar's Agency Billing platform, the firm or organization may register the client trust accounts on the lawyer's behalf. However, the State Bar must receive the trust account registration data by the reporting deadline. If you or your firm or organization fail to report this information by the deadline, you will be assessed a noncompliance penalty. If you still do not comply, the State Bar will enroll you as involuntarily inactive. Please contact your firm or organization administrator to confirm whether they will report the trust account registration data on your behalf. The firm must identify, via the Agency Billing platform, each licensee who is covered by the firm's submission of account information on behalf of the firm's lawyers. Lawyers can determine whether their firm has reported account information on their behalf during the CTAPP registration process in My State Bar Profile or, if they have already completed their individual reporting requirements, by clicking on the "View a Summary of your CTAPP Annual Reporting" link on the CTAPP Annual Reporting tile on the Compliance Dashboard page.

RELATED RULES

California Rules of Court, rule 9.8.5 Rules of the State Bar, Title 2, Division 1, rule 2.5 Rules of Professional Conduct 1.4 Rules of Professional Conduct 1.15

UPDATES

- **6/06/2025:** Significant revisions to initial section; revisions to question 3.2.2 and 3.5.1; added questions 3.3.4 3.3.6
- 4/01/2025: Added Common Issues as First Page/Removed Section 6
- 3/28/2025: Added Section 6 For Common Issues in CTAPP Reporting
- 2/21/2025: A revision to question 3.4.3 and the addition of section 3.5.
- **1/27/2025**: Revisions to questions 3.3.1, 3.3.3, and 4.5.
- **1/22/2025:** This FAQ was updated and reorganized for the 2025 fee cycle.